## The University of Nottingham



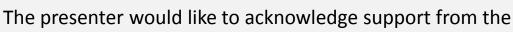


# Power Electronics Research at the University of Nottingham

Power Electronics, Machines and Control (PEMC) Research Group UNIVERSITY OF NOTTINGHAM, UK

**Professor Pat Wheeler** 

Email: pat.wheeler@nottingham.ac.uk



Universidad Tecnica Federico Santa Maria and CONICYT through project MEC 80130065, "Estructuras de Avanzadas de Convertidores de Potencia para Conexion a Red".

## Introduction



- Introduction to the University of Nottingham
  - Location in the UK
  - City of Nottingham
- Introduction to the Power Electronics, Machines and Control Research Group
  - Facilities and people
  - Research topics
- Working with Industry
  - Links with Industry
  - Some examples of projects







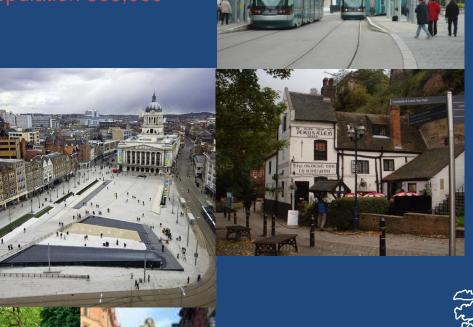


## Nottingham





Population 300,000



The city famous for the legend of Robin Hood and Brian Clough [one time manager of the Nottingham Forest football team]







Top 1% worldwide and ranked 7<sup>th</sup> overall in UK in 2008 RAE exercise.

- University consistently ranked in the UK's top 10 universities
- Ranked 5<sup>th</sup> in Engineering
- Ranked in the world's top 70 universities by the Shanghai Jiao Tong and Times Higher



42,070 high calibre students with good completion record

- 32,972 UK based/12,848 international from 143 nations
- 5,974 post-graduate students
- One of the highest graduation employment rates in the country



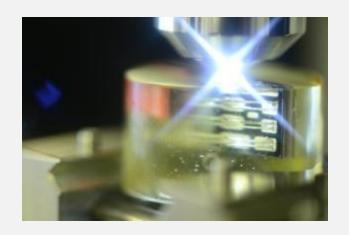
>7,000 staff – a major employer and regional citizen

- Contributes £400 Million annually to the local economy
- Campuses 4 in Nottingham, 1 in China, 1 in Malaysia.



# Power Electronics, Machines and Control Research Group





### Power Electronics, Machines & Control Group



#### Research Themes

- Advanced motor designs
- Power Electronics for Aerospace and Energy
- Energy management system
- High density power conversion
- Electrical power systems (AC/DC/Hybrid)
- Diagnostics and Prognostics
- Electromagnetic compatibility

#### Underlying scientific research

- Power device packaging and cooling
- New actuator topologies
- Cooling methodologies & thermal integration
- New modelling methods

### **Group Facilities**

- 1500m<sup>2</sup> laboratories with three 1.5MVA power supplies
- Motor rigs 1kW to 750kW, voltage supplies to 13kV
- Electrical Machine/Actuator manufacture
- Machine and Power Systems testing to 800kW
- Environmental testing chambers
- Facilities for surface mount & FPGA









#### **Application Areas**

- Future Electricity Networks
- Renewable Energy
- Aerospace (More Electric Aircraft)
- High-energy Physics applications
- Automotive and Marine
- **Industrial Applications**

### Power Electronics, Machines & Control Group



#### 15 Academic Staff [Faculty]

#### **Full Professors**

Prof Jon Clare (Power Electronics)

Prof Greg Asher (Drives, Control) – Emeritus Professor

Prof Mark Johnson (Power Device Technologies, Energy)

Prof Pat Wheeler (Power Electronics)

Prof Mark Sumner (Drives, Power Quality, Energy)

Prof Pericle Zanchetta (Control, Power Quality)

Prof Chris Gerada (Machines, Drives)

#### **Associate Professors**

Dr Christian Klumpner (Power Electronics)

Dr Alberto Castellazzi (Power Device Technologies)

Dr Sergei Bozhko [Aerospace Electrical Systems]

#### Lecturers

Dr Mohand Hamiti (Machines)

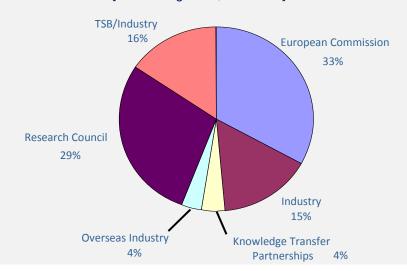
Dr Alan Watson (High Power Electronics)

Dr Paul Evans (Power Device Technologies)

Dr Alessandro Costabeber (Power Converters and Control)

Dr Michael Galea [Machines and Drives]

Dr Tom Cox [Electromagnetics, Machines]



#### > 125 Researchers/Academics

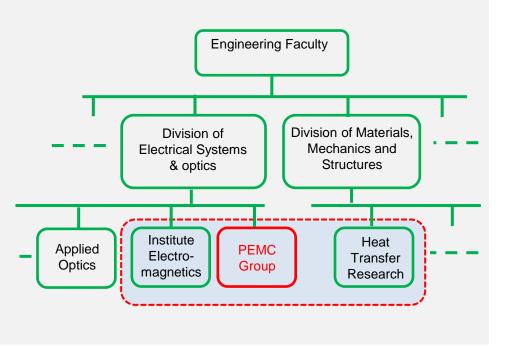
15 Academic Staff [Faculty]

≈ 45 Contract Research Fellows

≈ 64 PhD students

≈ 4 Visiting Scholars

Current Research Grants ≈ US\$35M



## Some of our International Agreements and Collaborators





PEMC Group has strong relationships not only in EU but also in all over the world

### Some of our Industrial Collaborators



Aerospace(Power Electronics, Machines and Control)

























Power conversion/management



















Power devices









**Automotive** 



### Power converters and Power Quality



- Power Converters will be essential part of aircraft Electrical Power System
  - Power distribution; conversion from 300-900Hz to  $\pm$ 270VDC, to 115VAC, to 28VDC
  - converters for flight control actuators, landing gear, steering, environmental control drives, fuel cell interface
- High power density and optimised thermal management
- Meet aircraft EPS specifications
- Fault tolerance and fault tolerant system control



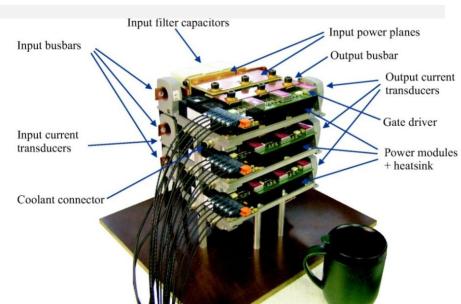




High density air-cooled SiC 22kW converter (approx 20kW/litre and 10kW/kg)

**Rudder actuator drive** 









## Converters for High Power Applications

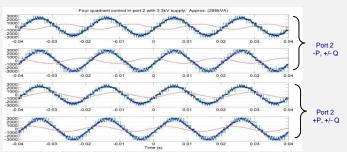


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#### High-power converters

Multi-phase resonant converter (pulsed)

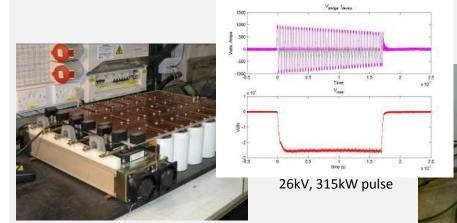
- Multi-level converters and multi-cellular converters
  - eg multi-level AC-AC converters with medium frequency transformer isolation
- Applications: traction, FACTS, solid state substations
  - eg renewable energy interfaces and HVDC
- Converters for high power RF applications
  - eg Klystron modulators
  - CW (DC) and pulsed outputs
  - Resonant techniques, HV and HF transformers



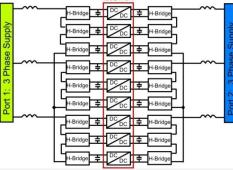




Multi-level. multi-cell: 500kW prototype







HF, HV transformer rectifier

## PEMC Group - Some recent practical power converter research demonstrators

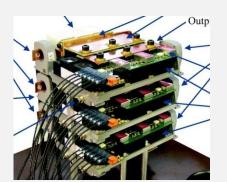




30kW matrix integrated into machine endplate



20kW/litre SiC JFET matrix converter



150kW Si/SiC matrix converter (aero spec)



3.3kV, 500kW modular AC-AC converter



Aerospace SiC MOSFET DC-DC converter



100kV DC, 200kW resonant converter



150kV resonant converter XFMR/rectifier



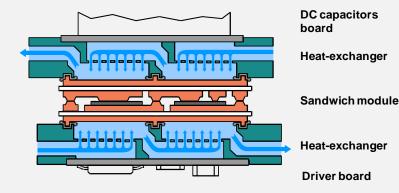
450kW dual-bridge CSR

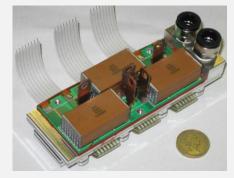
### Power Device and Packaging Technologies



 Device technology developments crucial for future success of MEA

- New Construction & Thermal Technologies
  - Bonding and attachment technologies
  - · Cooling technologies and heat spreaders
- Physics of Failure & Reliability Evaluation
  - Identification of failure modes and failure models.
  - Environmental cycling (real aerospace conditions)
  - Accelerated testing methods
- Integration
  - Reduced weight, volume, cost
  - Reduced inductance and EMI
  - Enhanced thermal and electrical performance
  - Higher temperature materials (SiC, GaAs)



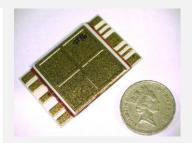


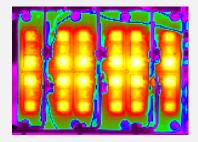
Direct double side liquid cooled assembly incorporated into a 3-phase compact inverter











Wire Bond Failure Mechanisms

New Packaging Technologies

Thermal Analysis

## Electrical Machines and Drives Examples



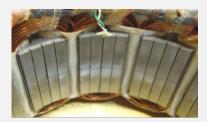
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#### **Novel machine topologies**

Research into high temperature machines without magnets.



Multidisciplinary modelling and design of novel, high performance machines.



Fault-tolerant machine design



#### **Advanced Control**

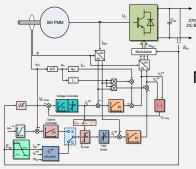
Sensorless Control

High speed model based

Low speed signal injection

Fault-tolearnt control strategies

Predictive control, parameter estimation, modelling



Minimum loss generator control

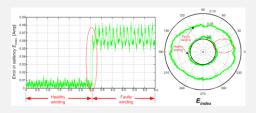
#### Modular motor control



## Diagnostics, Health and Usage Monitoring







Diagnostics from current signatures ( including active techniques for actuation systems)

Winding faults

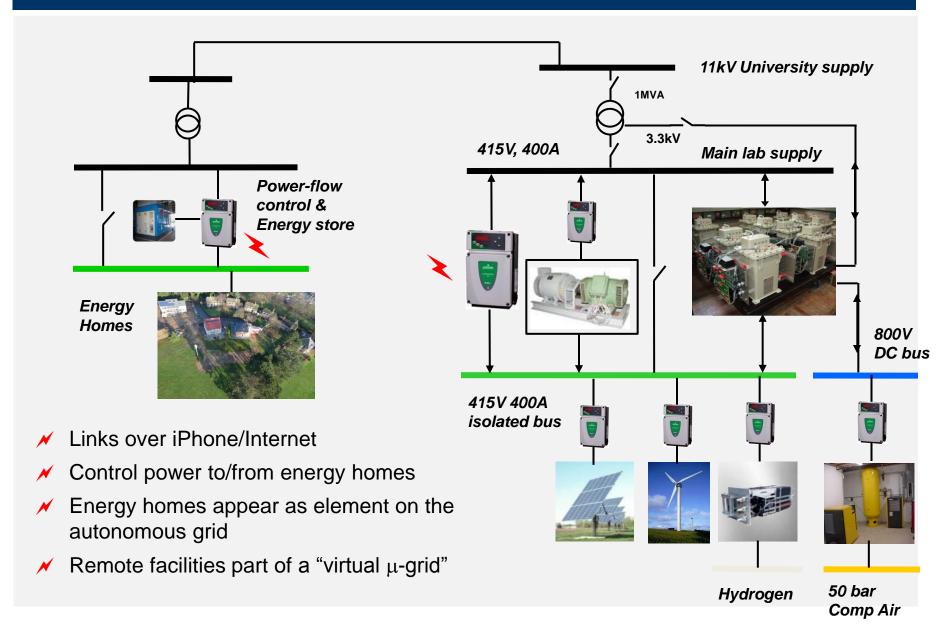
Bearing, mechanical drive faults

Rotor demagnetisation etc...

Integrated sensory network (fibre) for lifetime monitoring

## Power Electronics and Applications Smart Grid Facility

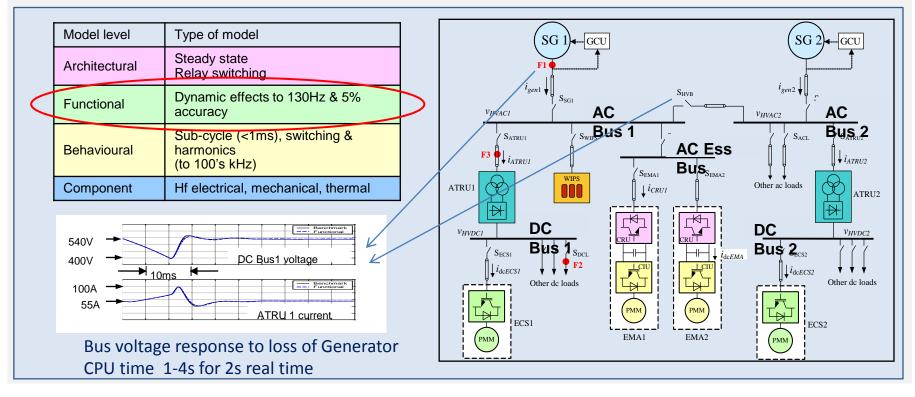




## Aircraft Power Systems

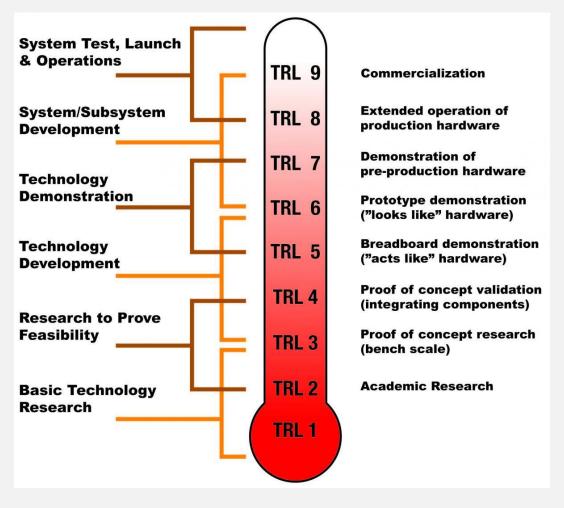


- Virtual Laboratory for Aircraft Electrical Power Systems
   SABER/Matlab/Modelica
- Fast simulation of total power system generator to load
  - Impacts of load transients on system and power quality specifications
  - Power quality; weight optimization
  - System stability and impact of regeneration, load impact
  - Impact of faults; propagation; bus re-figuration; load dispatching



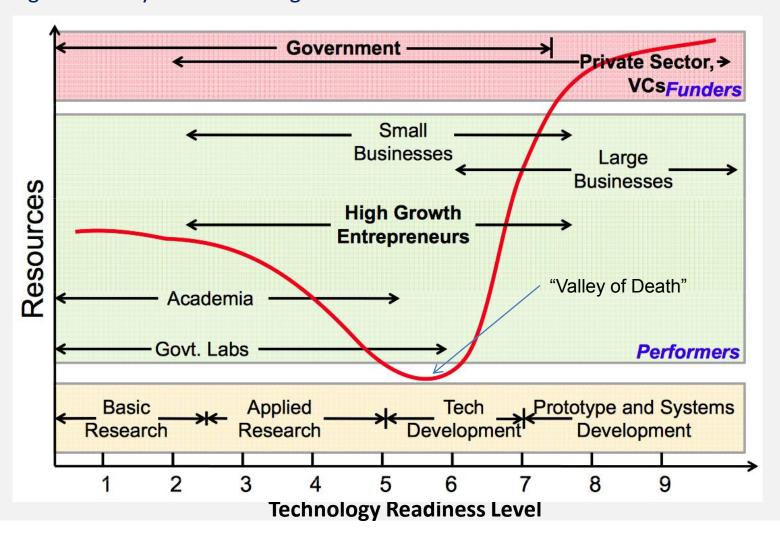


Some examples of ways in which Universities can work with Industry on R&D topics Technology Readiness Levels



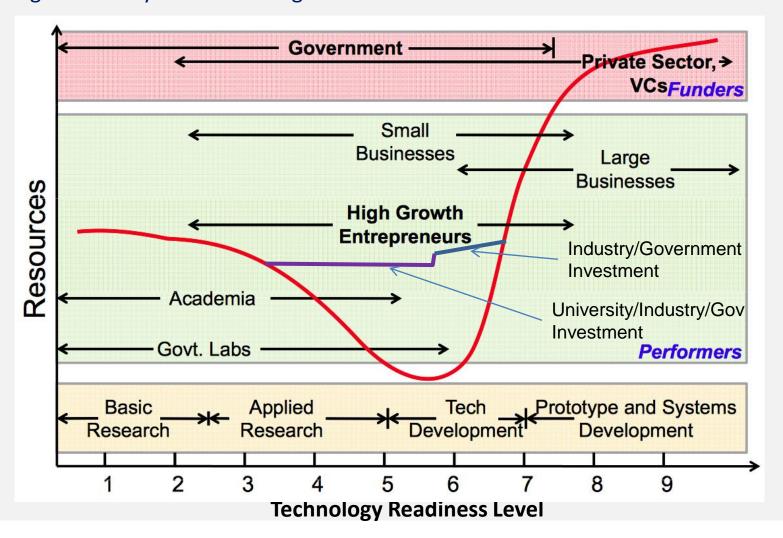


Some examples of ways in which Universities can work with Industry on R&D topics Avoiding the "Valley of Death" for good ideas





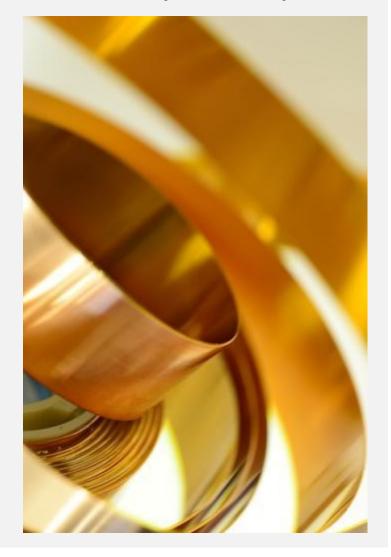
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Some examples of ways in which Universities can work with Industry on R&D topics

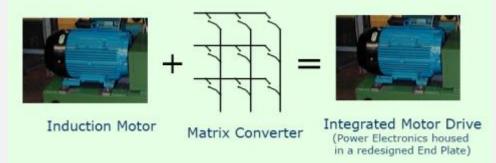
- Industry-led research projects
  - 1 to 4 years
  - Direct funding or TSB
- European Framework Programmes
  - 2 to 7 years
  - Collaborative R&D as partners in a programme or project
- Scientific research projects
  - 3 to 6 years
  - Basic research eg EPSRC funded projects
- Knowledge Transfer Partnerships (KTPs)
  - 0.5 to 3 years
  - Embedding technology into business
- Newton Fund projects
  - 2 to 4 years
  - International research funding from the British Council
- Sponsored PhD studentships
  - 3 years
  - Research/low TRL
- Industrial research fellows
  - 1 to 5 years
  - Support for dedicated research staff at the University
- Technology licensing
  - Access to patents and know-how



### Industrial Research - Motor Drives



#### **Integrated Motor Drive**



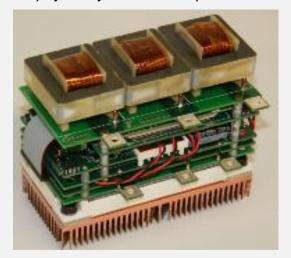
- Matrix converter can be mounted inside motor housing
  - Reduced EMC, cabling, installation
  - Redesigned end plate housing IGBTs, diodes and filter capacitors (inductors in terminal box)
  - Bespoke semiconductor packaging
- 30kW prototype shipped to industry in 2012
- Started as an EPSRC research project in 1997
- Product launch planned for 2014





#### **SiC JFET Matrix Converter**

- 20kW/litre SiC JFET based matrix converter
  - Industrial Funding directly from Infineon
- Key Features of the converter design
  - Heat sink
  - Power planes
  - Gate drive circuitry
  - Gate drivers power supplies
  - Input filter
  - Controller boards
- Key Integration Challenges:
  - Minimise thermal resistance using forced air convection
  - Decoupling capacitance and gate drives must be physically close to the power module



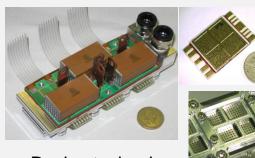
## Power Electronics, machines and Control

**Example Projects** 

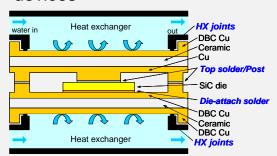


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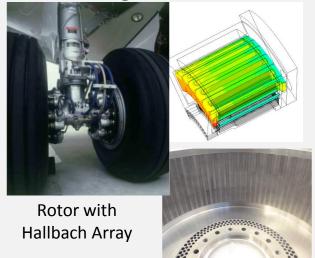
## Power Electronic Packaging



- Device technology developments crucial for future success of MEA
- New Construction & Thermal Technologies
- Physics of Failure & Reliability Evaluation
- Integration and use of Sic devices

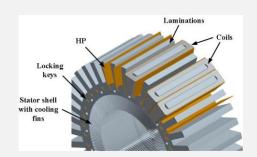


#### **Taxiing on Ground**



7 kNm peak torque requirement
Torque density: 226kNm/m3

Special windings and high conductivity thermal paths introduces



## Automotive Power Converters



High density aircooled SiC 22kW converter (approx 20kW/litre and 10kW/kg)

- Working with supply chain and primes, including Nissan and TRW
- Power Converter topologies, multi-use applications and Power by wire applications
- Racing Electric motorbikes



University of Nottingham bike racing at Donnington Park – sponsors needed!

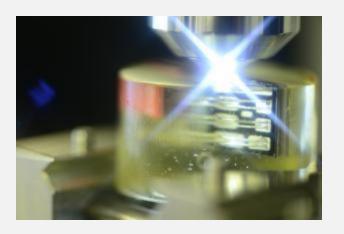
## PEMC Research Group

## Summary



- Nottingham has one of the largest research groups in Power Electronics and related technologies
- Research spans:
  - Basic technology research (e.g. physics of failure)
  - Applied research (e.g. advanced technology demonstrators)
- Expertise spans:
  - Device and component technology → Complete systems
  - Analysis → modelling → practical validation
- We are committed to working with industrial partners to maintain relevance and exploitation of our research







## 2015 Season eSuperBike

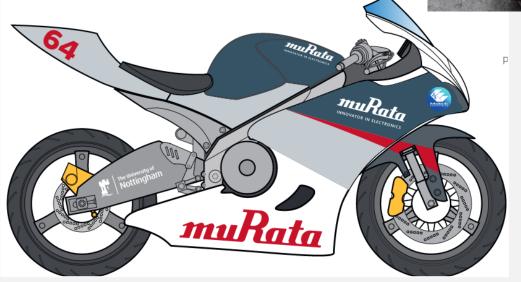


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- 2015 electric bike will have
   3 x Torque of the 2014 bike
- Custom designed and built frame
- Motor and Controller built by the team in Nottingham
- TT on Isle of Man in June 2015!

• > 280km/hr









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